中国竹节虫一新种及一新纪录种

(竹节虫目:异䗛科)

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自从 Redtenbacher 1908 年建立瘤胸䗛属 Trachythorax 以来,至今该属已记载了 8 个种,它们均分布在东洋区,其中六斑瘤胸䗛 T. sexpunctatus Shiraki 分布于我国台湾 (Shiraki, 1911、1935)。本文报道在四川省发现的一个新种和在云南省采得的一个国内新记录种。作者采用 Bradley & Galil (1977) 的竹节虫分类系统。新种模式标本保存在南开大学生物系。

长翅瘤胸蛤 Trachythorax longialatus 新种

雌虫: 体较粗壮。褐至暗褐色,头前部、前胸背板中域、中胸背板中央及各足为黄褐色;前胸背板前缘及后缘棕红色;眼间一模糊斑纹、触角基部背腹两面及前胸背板后缘中央斑、中胸背板两侧一宽带、中部横列两个圆斑均为黑色;后头、前后翅纵脉及各足股节纵脊均为黑棕色。

头光滑,后头强烈膨胀呈球形(图 2),其后部中央具一线纵沟痕。触角线形,具密短毛,基部两节显著扁宽,触角不伸达腹端,其中部以远分节不明显。复眼发达,半球形,近于头前端。

前胸背板前缘弧形凹入,边缘具光滑脊,盘域前方有一十字形沟痕。中胸背板无颗粒状突起,前部明显窄缩,拱形,中央具光滑纵脊,中部似有两个瘤突,后缘中央明显向前切入。复翅短,端缘近平截,外侧中央显著隆脊状,纵脉明显;后翅发达,超过腹端(图 1),前域狭长,革质、褐色,后域宽大,膜质、灰褐色、几乎透明,纵脉明显,放射状。前足股节基部弯曲,所有股节具纵脊、无刺、无叶突,横断面四边形。

腹部较粗壮,第2一6节逐渐加粗,第7节以后显著窄缩,腹端尖。臀节背板短于第9背板,远短于第8背板(图3)。第7腹节腹板后缘中央呈"U"形凹人,两侧具显著宽隆脊。腹瓣稍扁平、腹面基部中央具纵脊,末端呈弧形凹人(图4)。第10背板亚三角形(图5)。尾须较直,圆筒状,末端稍钝,明显超过腹端。

体长 76.0, 前胸背板长 4.0, 中胸背板长 6.5, 后胸背板及并胸腹节长 15.0, 前足股节长 17.0, 中足股节长 12.0, 后足股节长 17.5, 腹部长 43.0 毫米。

正模♀,四川灌县,1980. VIII. 15, 吴文炳采。

本种接近于 T. sexpunctatus Shiraki 1911, 但后翅较长,明显超过腹端;臀节背板

本文于1986年9月收到。

蒙郑乐怡教授指导,刘胜利先生帮助,以及蒋书楠教授提供标本,在此一并致谢。

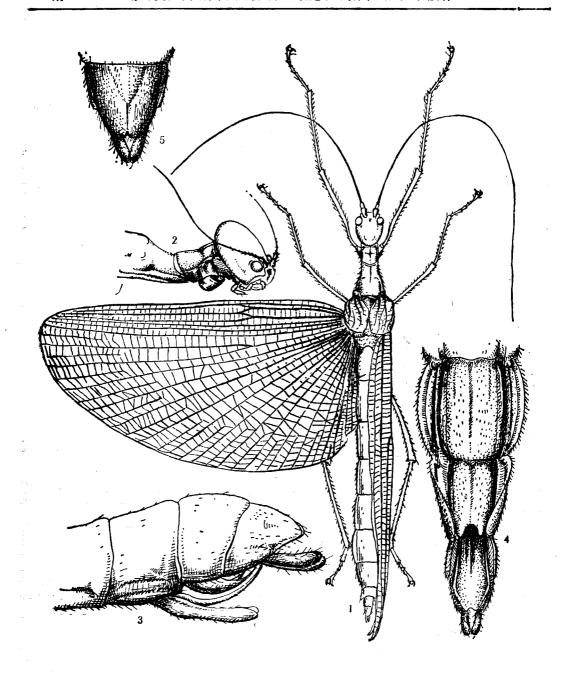


图 1-5 长翅瘤胸蝣 Trachythorax longialatus sp. nov. 1.长翅瘤胸䗛雌虫; 2.头部侧面观; 3.端节侧面观; 4.端节腹面观; 5.第 10 背板背面观。

短于第9背板,远短于第8背板;腹瓣腹面基部具纵脊;尾须圆筒形,末端钝圆。

暗斑瘤胸婚 Trachythorax atrosignatus Brunner 1893, 中国新纪录 采于云南景洪, 1978. X. 10, 1♀, 1♂。

国外分布于越南、缅甸、马来西亚、老挝、印度尼西亚等●

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DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF WALKING STICK FROM CHINA. (PHASMATODEA: HETERONEMIDAE)

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One species of the genus Trachythorax is described as new to science and one species of the same genus is recorded for the first time from China. The author follows the taxonomic arrangement of the Phasmatodea by Bradley and Galil (1977). All the measurements in descriptions are in millimeters. The type specimen is deposited in the Department of Biology, Nankais University.

Trachythorax longialatus Cai, sp. nov. (figs. 1-5)

Female: body rather strong, brown, with yellowish brown patterns on head, discal area of pronotum, center of mesonotum and legs. One black spot between the eyes, two black spots situated on mesonotum transversally.

Length: body 76.0, pronotum 4.0, mesonotum 6.5, metanotum (with median segment) 15.0, front femur 17.0, intermediate femur 12.0, hind femur 17.5, abdomen 43.0.

Holotype: female, Sichuan Province.

The new species is closely related to *T. sexpunctatus* Shiraki 1911, but clearly distinguished by the following characters: wings exceeding the apex of abdomen; tenth tergite shorter than the preceding one and much shorter than the eighth tergite; longitudinal carina presented on ventrite of operculum; cerci straight and rounded at the apices.

Trachythorax atrosignatus Brunner 1893 (New record from China), Yunnan Province, 19, 10.